

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ
ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΩΝ

ΠΑΓΚΥΠΡΙΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ 2019

Μάθημα: ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ
2ΩΡΟ ΤΕΧΝΙΚΩΝ ΣΧΟΛΩΝ
ΑΠΟΛΥΣΗ

Ημερομηνία και ώρα εξέτασης: 18 Ιουνίου 2019
07:45-11:00

ΤΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΤΕΣΣΕΡΙΣ (4) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ

Να απαντήσετε σε όλα τα ερωτήματα.
Πριν από κάθε απάντηση να σημειώσετε τα στοιχεία της ερώτησης.

ΟΛΕΣ ΟΙ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΝΑ ΓΡΑΦΟΥΝ ΣΤΟ ΤΕΤΡΑΔΙΟ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΩΝ

PART II: WRITING SKILLS

(30 MARKS)

A friend from England sent you an email and asked you about your life in Cyprus and what your weekly schedule is like.

Write your reply, giving information about

- your home,
- your school,
- the free-time activities you enjoy.

Your letter should be about **100 -120** words.

PART III: READING SKILLS

(30 MARKS)

Read the passage below and answer ALL the questions that follow.

Tiny Island has 38 million pieces of trash



Researchers traveled to a **tiny**, uninhabited island. It is in the middle of the Pacific Ocean. They were shocked to find about 38 million pieces of rubbish. It all had washed up on the beaches. Almost all of the garbage they found on *Henderson Island* was made from plastic: There were toy soldiers, dominos and toothbrushes - hundreds of objects of every shape, size and color.

The researchers say that although the island is too far away, there is too much rubbish on it. The island is about half way between New Zealand and Chile. Jennifer Lavers, a research scientist, said *Henderson Island* is where ocean currents meet. It tends to hold floating rubbish. "*The quantity of plastic there is truly alarming*," J. Lavers told The Associated Press. "*It's both beautiful and terrifying*". She said she sometimes found herself getting fascinated by the variety and colors of the plastic. It pollutes the island. J. Lavers and six others stayed on the island for three and a half months in 2015. During that time, they carried out the study. They found the rubbish weighed about 17.6 tons. More than two-thirds of it was **buried** on the beaches. Lavers said she noticed green toy soldiers. They looked **identical** to those her brother played with as a child in the early 1980s. She also saw red motels from the Monopoly game.

Henderson Island is so **remote** that Lavers said she missed her own wedding. This was after the boat coming to collect the group was delayed. Lavers said she is so shocked by the amount of plastic in the oceans that she started using a bamboo iPhone case and toothbrush. "*We need to drastically rethink our relationship with plastic*," she said. "*It's something that's designed to last forever. But it is often only used for a few moments and then **tossed** away.*"

A. Read the article and decide whether the following sentences are True (T) or False (F) according to the passage. (5x2=10 marks)

1. The researchers were pleased to see a lot of rubbish on the island.
2. The plastic found on the island was colourful.
3. The island is somewhere between New Zealand and Chile.
4. Laver's research on the island lasted three and a half months.
5. About 30% of the rubbish is covered with sand and soil on beaches.

B. Choose the best answer a, b or c, according to the text. (5x2=10 marks)

1. Which is true about the island?

- a. It is huge.
- b. There are people living on it.
- c. It is found in the Pacific Ocean.

2. The researchers noticed that the trash on the island was ____.

- a. too much
- b. only plastic
- c. not on the beaches

3. When J. Lavers saw the variety and colour of the plastic (par. 3) she felt ____.

- a. excited
- b. miserable
- c. confused

4. Some of the toys they found were toys ____.

- a. she still plays with
- b. that existed about 40 years ago
- c. she had never seen before

5. Lavers missed her wedding because ____.

- a. she stayed on the island for too long
- b. the island is far away
- c. the boat arrived late

C. Match the words in Column A with their meanings in Column B.

(5x2=10 marks)

COLUMN A	COLUMN B
1. tiny	a. covered
2. buried	b. thrown
3. identical	c. very small
4. remote	d. far away
5. tossed	e. exactly the same

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

PART III: LANGUAGE USAGE

(20 MARKS)

A. Choose the correct option a, b or c so that the second sentence has a similar meaning to the first sentence.

(5x1=5 marks)

1. The room is too small for us to play music in.

The room _____ for us to play music in.

- a) is big enough b) isn't big enough c) is as big as

2. The last time Emily saw Andrea was ten years ago.

Emily _____ Andrea for ten years.

- a) has to see b) hasn't seen c) has seen

3. The test was too difficult for the students to pass.

The test was _____ difficult that the students couldn't pass it.

- a) so b) that c) very

4. Why don't you learn a musical instrument?

If I were you _____ learn a musical instrument.

- a) I would b) I would have c) I will

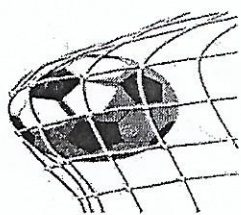
5. 'I'll be home by midnight,' said Lena.

Lena promised she _____ home by midnight.

- a) will be b) will have been c) would be

B. Complete the following passage by choosing ONE of the three words in brackets. (10X1=10 marks)

Goaaaal!!!!



So why is football 1. (so / such / that) a popular game around the world? Yet another tournament has started and millions of supporters 2. (from / of / for) many countries are discussing the chances of one team over another and who the favourites are. The lucky 3. (workers / fans / players) who have tickets are unpacking their bags with shirts and flags and scarves of their nation's colours. Even those who aren't that interested 4. (at / for / in) the game find themselves involved in 5. (guessing / saying / telling) the results of the competition. And there'll definitely be no escaping from the media publicity that makes it THE news event of the month. It's certainly a lively 6. (play / toy / game). There's razzmatazz of the opening ceremony, not to mention the fireworks and speeches and exotic performances for the 7. (closing / end / final) ceremony. But why has it become THE sport of the world? Perhaps it's the simplicity of it all. You only need a ball and it's easy to learn the 8. (rules / laws / customs): pass, kick and shoot. To win is everything. 9. (If / So / To) lose on the other hand is a disgrace and a shame. I may not know the difference between an assistant referee and a linesman, an indirect and a direct free kick but I'll be shouting 10. (strongly / loudly / slowly) for my team!

Adapted from: <http://www.onestopenglish.com/skills/reading/pdf-content/reading-lessons-football>

C. Complete the following passage using the correct form of the words in brackets. (10x0.5=5 marks)

New York City – The Big Apple



Apples don't grow in New York City, so that's not why it is called the Big Apple. There are many legends about how the city that never sleeps got its name. One story says that a 1. _____ (FAME) bar owner named Eve gave the city its name. Another 2. _____ (EXPLAIN) claims the name has its roots in show business with 3. _____ (PERFORM) calling New York the "Big Apple" since it was the best place to get noticed. There is one 4. _____ (TRADITION) story that says the city got its name because of the large number of 5. _____ (EMPLOY) selling apples on the streets of New York City during the Great 6. _____ (DEPRESS). The term more likely has its roots in horse 7. _____ (RACE) from the 1920's. Prizes were called "apples" and a newspaper 8. _____ (REPORT) when writing about races often would call the big prize the big apple. There was also a 1938 short film of the same name featuring black jazz 9. _____ (MUSIC) and dancers. Nobody really knows the exact story behind it, but while the origins of the "Big Apple" nickname are 10. _____ (CLEAR), it seems to be here to stay.

Adapted from: <https://www.eslfast.com/eslread/ss/s067.htm>

END OF THE EXAMINATION

ΑΡ. ΤΑΥΤ.:ΚΩΔ. ΥΠΟΨ.:
ΕΠΩΝΥΜΟ:
ΟΝΟΜΑ: ΟΝΟΜΑ ΠΑΤΕΡΑ:
ΣΧΟΛΕΙΟ: ΤΜΗΜΑ:
ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΟ ΚΕΝΤΡΟ:

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ
ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΩΝ

ΠΑΓΚΥΠΡΙΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ 2019

ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΚΡΟΑΣΗΣ – ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗΣ

ΜΑΘΗΜΑ: ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ - ΤΕΧΝΙΚΩΝ ΣΧΟΛΩΝ (2ΩΡΟ) - ΑΠΟΛΥΣΗ
ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΑ: 18 / 06 / 2019

ΤΟ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΚΡΟΑΣΗΣ - ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗΣ
ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΤΡΕΙΣ (3) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ.

Όλες οι απαντήσεις να γραφούν στο φυλλάδιο.
Να απαντήσετε σε όλα τα ερωτήματα.

PART I: LISTENING SKILLS

(20 MARKS)

Exercise 1

You will hear a man talking about his daily routine.
Decide whether the following sentences are True or False.

Put a tick (✓) in the appropriate box.

(5x1=5 marks)

	True	False
1. Mike works out before he starts work.		
2. He works near his house.		
3. He usually has a big breakfast.		
4. He finishes work at about 6:00.		
5. In the evening, Mike speaks to his friends.		

Source: <http://www.elllo.org/english/0351/388-Mike-Routine.htm>



Exercise 2

You will hear Daniel and Hana talking about holidays.
Choose the best answer a, b or c.

(5x1=5 marks)

1. One of the holidays Hana liked best was in _____.

- a. Italy
- b. Spain
- c. Greece

2. Hana thinks Greece is _____.

- a. average
- b. fantastic
- c. uninteresting

3. At night time, Hana _____.

- a. relaxed at the swimming pool
- b. enjoyed herself at the beach
- c. went shopping with her mum

4. She visited Greece with her _____.

- a. family
- b. brothers
- c. friends

5. When Hana was in Greece, the atmosphere was _____.

- a. cheerful
- b. miserable
- c. boring

Source: http://www.ello.org/english/1251/1258-Hana_Daniel-Holidays.htm



Exercise 3

Listen to a broadcast about recycling and underline the correct word in brackets. (10x1=10 marks)



When I was young, we never used the word recycling. It wasn't

1. (important / necessary). People would think you were

2. (crazy / stupid) for recycling things. Today, things are different.

We now know we have a problem. We use too 3. (many / much)

stuff and throw everything away. Lots of the stuff we throw away is

very 4. (useful / good). It can be used again, recycled. This is good for the environment

because we use 5. (fewer / more) natural resources. I love recycling. It makes me feel

as though I'm helping the 6. (planet / Earth). I even buy things like used

7. (shoes / furniture) and clothes. This also recycles. Some of the

8. (places / countries) I've lived in are experts at recycling. There are

9. (huge / giant) bottle banks at the end of the street and places to leave

10. (newspapers / magazines), clothes, batteries and metal.

Source: <https://listenaminute.com/r/recycling.html>